## Aromatic Isothiocyanatopropenones and Thiourea Derivatives. Synthesis and Biological Properties

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This paper is devoted to methods of obtaining the mentioned compounds with NHCS and NCS groups from 4-(dimethylamino)benzaldehyde (1), 4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (2) and furan-2-carbaldehyde (3) by condensing them with 3-(4-acetylphenyl)-1,1-dimethylthiourea (4) according to the following scheme:

Propenones with thiourea groups have been obtained by addition of an amine to **7a**, **7b**, **7c** according to the following scheme:

$$N \longrightarrow C = C \longrightarrow NCS + RNH_2 \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow C = C \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow NHR$$

$$7a \longrightarrow NHR \longrightarrow NHR$$

$$8a - CH_2CH_2OH ; \longrightarrow OH ; \longrightarrow OMe$$

$$8a \longrightarrow 8b \longrightarrow 8c \longrightarrow 8d$$

The structure of new compounds containing sulphur has been confirmed by means of elemental analysis and IR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR and mass

	l compounds were tested as inhibitors of HL-60 leukemia cells
	n and the most potent of them have been also tested for their in
	acterial activity against some gram-positive and gram-negative
	isms: Eschrichia coli, Staphylococcus aureus, Shigela Sonnei,
Salmanella	abony and Bacilius cereus.